

EXERCISES FOR RANDOM GROUPS IN ARITHMETIC STATISTICS

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1. LECTURE 1

- (1) (1/Aut)
- (a) Let n be a positive integer and $[K : \mathbb{Q}] = n$. How many subfields of $\bar{\mathbb{Q}}$ are isomorphic to K , as a function of n and the automorphism group of K ?
 - (b) Let G_n be an Erdős-Rényi random graph, i.e. on n given vertices, each edge appears independently with probability $1/2$. What is the probability that G_n is isomorphic to a fixed (unlabelled) graph G_0 ?
- (2) (Haar measure on $\hat{\mathbb{Z}}$ and \mathbb{Z}_p)
- (a) For the topology on $\hat{\mathbb{Z}}$ or \mathbb{Z}_p generated by the (open) sets of elements congruent to a mod n for each a and n (where $n = p^k$ in the \mathbb{Z}_p case), and the Borel σ -algebra for that topology, prove there is a unique measure ν , such that for all a and n , the set of elements congruent to a mod n has measure $1/n$. (Use Carathéodory's extension theorem or a similar result.)
 - (b) Prove the measure above is a Haar measure, i.e. for any b in $\hat{\mathbb{Z}}$ or \mathbb{Z}_p , respectively, and any measurable set U , we have $\mu(U) = \mu(b + U)$.
- (3) Find the sum of $|A|^{-1} |\text{Aut } A|^{-1}$ over all finite cyclic groups A , and conclude the probability that a group from the distribution where $\text{Prob}(X \simeq A) = c_1 |A|^{-1} |\text{Aut } A|^{-1}$ is cyclic.
- (4) (Random groups as cokernels of Haar matrices) Let n and u be positive integers and let $M_{n,n+u} \in \text{Mat}_{n,n+u}(\hat{\mathbb{Z}})$ be a random matrix from Haar measure (i.e. each entry is independent from Haar measure on $\hat{\mathbb{Z}}$).
- (a) Fill in the details of Monday's proof, and generalize to any case of $u \geq 1$, to show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{Prob}(\text{cok } M_{n,n+u} \simeq A) = c_u |A|^{-1} |\text{Aut } A|^{-u}$, including finding the constant c_u .
 - (b) For a fixed finite group B , find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{E}(\# \text{Sur}(\text{cok } M_{n,n+u}, B))$.
 - (c) Prove that a random group X with distribution $\text{Prob}(X \simeq A) = c_u |A|^{-1} |\text{Aut } A|^{-u}$ has moments $\mathbb{E}(\# \text{Sur}(X, B)) = |B|^{-u}$. You can use the above arguments, but will need to interchange a sum and a limit, which will require application of a convergence theorem.
 - (d) Let $M_{n,n+u,Z} \in \text{Mat}_{n,n+u}(\mathbb{Z})$ be a random matrix with independent entries that are uniform random integers in $[-Z, Z]$. Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \lim_{Z \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{E} \# \text{Sur}(\text{cok } M_{n,n+u,Z}, B)$.
- (5) ($u = 0$)
- (a) What goes wrong with the above arguments if $u = 0$?
 - (b) Prove the analog of the previous problem with $u = 0$ but $\hat{\mathbb{Z}}$ replaced by \mathbb{Z}_p (so $M_{n,n} : \mathbb{Z}_p^n \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_p^n$).

- (6) ($u < 0$) Let u be a negative integer. Let $M_{n,n+u} \in \text{Mat}_{n,n+u}(\mathbb{Z}_p)$ be a random matrix from Haar measure. What kind of groups can appear as $\text{cok}(M_{n,n+u})$? For each such possible group A , find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{Prob}(\text{cok } M_{n,n+u} \simeq A)$. (Hint: prove a non-probabilistic result that lets you determine whether $\text{cok } M_{n,n+u} \simeq A$ from $(\text{cok } M_{n,n+u})/p^{e+1}$, where p^e is the exponent of the torsion part of A .)
- (7) (\mathbb{F}_p -vector spaces) Given X such that $\text{Prob}(X \simeq A) = c_u |A|^{-1} |\text{Aut } A|^{-u}$, for a fixed r , what is $\text{Prob}(\dim_{\mathbb{F}_p} X/p = r)$?
- (8) (Escape of mass) Give examples of random finite abelian groups X_1, X_2, \dots such that

$$\sum_A \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{Prob}(X_n \simeq A) < 1.$$

- (9) (Moments not determining through limits) Give examples of random finite abelian groups Y, X_1, X_2, \dots such that for every B ,

$$\mathbb{E}(\text{Sur}(Y, B)) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{E}(\text{Sur}(X_n, B)),$$

but at least for some A ,

$$\text{Prob}(Y \simeq A) \neq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{Prob}(X_n \simeq A),$$

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